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PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL LETTER
(Large Entity)

Docket No.
GIL4-BC72

TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS

Transmitted herewith for filing under 35 U.S.C. 111 and 37 C.F.R. 1.53 is the patent application of:

For: **METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR TRANSMITTING DATA**

Enclosed are:

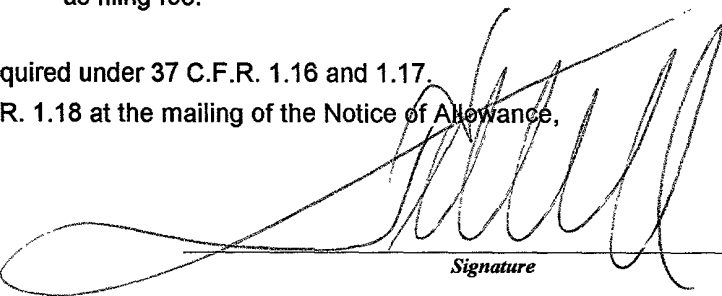
- ☒ Certificate of Mailing with Express Mail Mailing Label No. EM342593268US
- ☒ 3 sheets of drawings.
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Indep. Claims	3	- 3 =	0	x \$82.00	\$0.00
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable) <input type="checkbox"/>					\$0.00
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Dated: **March 13, 1998**


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METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR TRANSMITTING DATAFIELD OF INVENTION

5 The invention relates to a method and apparatus for transmitting data relating to a number of different categories, from a central location to at least one remote receiver.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PRIOR ART

10 In a data transmission environment, it is common to need to transmit different categories of data between a transmitter and one or more receivers. Where this data is generated independently, some form of control must be implemented to optimise the use of the transmission medium
15 and the available bandwidth. Conventionally, data in different categories is allocated a priority relating to the degree of importance of the data so that high priority data will be transmitted in preference to low priority data. However, in some cases, problems arise where data
20 which is normally allocated a relatively low priority needs to be transmitted in preference to higher priority data.

An example where this problem can arise concerns a service broadcast system in which a variety of services are provided from a central location to a number of remote
25 units. Each service will be allocated a priority which defines its importance relative to other services but in the case of game playing services, for example, there may be occasions on which data relating to one particular game must be supplied in preference to data relating to another
30 service even though the game data normally has a lower priority.

WO-A-94/14284 discloses a reprogrammable terminal and a central network controller which is able to respond to the immediate need of a set top terminal by modifying a
35 program control information signal received from an operations centre. Thus, the network controller responds to individual requirements of remote units. This, however,

is not relevant to the problem which the present invention addresses, namely handling the transmission of data centrally where the data is included in different categories with different priorities.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with one aspect of the present invention, a method of transmitting data relating to a number of different categories, from a central location to at least one remote receiver comprises allocating a priority to the data to be transmitted in accordance with its category, the priorities defining a relationship between the different categories of the data; transmitting the data in a manner determined by the allocated priorities; monitoring the data to be transmitted to determine whether the data will be transmitted in a satisfactory manner; and, if necessary, changing the priority of any data which has not yet been transmitted so that it will be transmitted satisfactorily.

In accordance with a second aspect of the present invention, apparatus for transmitting data relating to a number of different categories, from a central location to at least one remote receiver comprises a processing system for allocating a priority to the data to be transmitted in accordance with its category, the priorities defining a relationship between the different categories of the data; and means for transmitting the data in a manner determined by the allocated priorities, the processing system being adapted to monitor the data to be transmitted and to determine whether the data will be transmitted in a satisfactory manner, and if necessary, to change the priority of any data which has not been transmitted so that it will be transmitted satisfactorily.

With this invention, the data to be transmitted is monitored to determine whether or not the data can be transmitted in a satisfactory manner. If it cannot then

the priority of that data is changed to enable satisfactory transmission.

In general, the monitoring step comprises determining whether the data will be transmitted within a predetermined time period. Typically, each category of data will need to be transmitted within a certain time period of its generation or supply to the transmitting means and the monitoring step determines whether or not the data will be transmitted within that time. For example, the processing system may allocate a maximum time by which particular data must be transmitted and these times may vary depending on the data concerned.

If the monitoring step determines that the data will not be transmitted in a satisfactory manner then there are a number of different ways in which this can be dealt with. In one case, the priority can be changed to a higher priority but in other cases, the priority could be changed to one which requires that the data is compressed prior to transmission. This latter approach will result in the need to transmit less data with the result that the data will be transmitted more quickly than would otherwise be the case.

In order further to optimise the use of the available bandwidth in the transmission medium, where the data is transmitted in packets, each packet containing data of different categories, the method may further comprise monitoring a packet to be sent and if space remains in such a packet, the space being insufficient to accommodate data allocated a relatively high priority, incorporating lower priority data into the space prior to transmission. This allows background trickle feeds of operating systems and upgrades to be transmitted in an optimum manner even though these are normally allocated a relatively low priority.

It will be appreciated that there are a vast number of different categories of data which could be processed using the method. The applicants are particularly concerned with methods in which some of the categories are chosen from background game playing data, real time game playing data,

receiver maintenance information, and receiver enablement/disablement instructions. These categories find particular use in the provision of interactive games, for example associated with TV broadcasts.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

An example of an interactive broadcast system incorporating apparatus for carrying out a method according to the invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

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Figure 1 is a schematic block diagram of the system showing the central broadcast generator and a single information handling unit;

Figure 2 is a block diagram showing part of the central controller shown in Figure 1; and,

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Figure 3 is a flow diagram illustrating operation of the processor shown in Figure 2.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENT

The interactive broadcast network shown in Figure 1 comprises a game control system A including a central controller 1 which will include a computer such as a PC operating a Windows based system, connected to an input device 2 such as a keyboard and/or mouse and the like and to an output device 3 which may include a monitor and/or printer. A store 4 stores data relating to service functions and remote users, which can be accessed and amended by the central controller 1. The central controller 1 generates TV display signals and other control signals associated with various service functions on a land line 5 connected to a combining unit 6 of a TV broadcast system B. The combining unit 6 receives television broadcast signals from a studio 7 which, in the case of a live event, will have originated from outside broadcast cameras, and combines these with the signals on the line 5 so that they are transmitted simultaneously by a transmitter 8 to remote users or players C. The users will

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typically be remote not only from the system B but also from each other.

5 The signals supplied to the combiner 6 may be transmitted to the remote units within a vertical blanking interval (VBI) of the normal TV signal or on a separate radio FM-SCA channel or other data format such as a cable modem.

10 Other forms of transmission including satellite, cable and the internet may also be used to send signals to the remote user C.

Each remote user C, only one shown in Figure 1, has a home or remote unit 9 connected to a television receiver 10 having an aerial 11 and a monitor 12. The home unit 9 includes an address/data bus 13 connected to the receiver 15 10, the bus 13 being connected to a microprocessor 14, a ROM 15 storing programme instructions for the processor 14, an input device 16 such as a keyboard or mouse, a first store (RAM) 17 for storing data supplied from the central controller 1, and a second signal store (RAM) 20 20 for storing data defining the identity of the remote unit 9 and the services to which the remote user has subscribed. Signals transmitted by the processor 14 can be communicated to the central controller 1 via a public switched telephone network 18 which is selectively accessed by a telephone 25 interface unit 19 connected to the bus 13. Other media may be used for the return transmission including TV broadcast, cable, satellite and the internet. In general the return signal medium will be different from the medium used to transmit to the remote user C.

30 The game control system A can generate data relating to a variety of games some of which may be associated with television broadcasts from the studio 7. For example, one game may allow remote users to predict the occurrence of certain events in a live event being broadcast, such as a 35 live football match. In addition, the game control system A can generate signals to individual or groups of remote units which include data such as operating system upgrades

and signals for enabling or disabling certain services. As explained above, in general, each type of service category is allocated a particular priority and this is used to determine the order in which the data is transmitted.

5 Thus, operating system upgrades and enablement/disablement instructions may have a relatively low priority while live game information will have a high priority.

The manner in which data is handled within the central controller 1 can be seen in more detail in Figure 2. As shown in Figure 2, the central controller 1 includes an address/data bus 30 to which is connected a microprocessor 31 and a data store 32. Data to be transmitted is obtained by the processor 31 in response to input instructions from the central operator via the input device 2 and from the store 4 and is supplied and stored in the data store 32. A very simple structure for the data store is shown in Figure 2 with each line corresponding to an individual address, the addresses being labelled on the left hand side 1,2,3 etc. The store 32 has a data section 33 and a priority section 34 in which is stored a priority value for the data at the corresponding address. Thus, in this example, the data at address 1 has priority 5, the data at address 2 has priority 2, and so on.

A pointer queue store 35 is provided in which the addresses of the data in the store 32 are stored in priority order. Thus, address 1 is stored first since the data at this address has the highest priority followed by address 3, address 4, etc.

Finally, a packet store 36 is connected to the bus 30 within which a data packet is built up by the microprocessor 31 as will be described below. Once the packet is complete, the processor 31 will cause it to be transmitted via an interface 37 to the combining unit 6 for transmission.

35 The operation of the processor 31 when building up a data packet for transmission will now be described with reference to the flow diagram shown in Figure 3. As shown

at step 40, the microprocessor 31 will store incoming data in successive addresses within the store 33 and will also insert the address of the latest received data in the appropriate position in the pointer queue store 35 depending upon its priority (step 41). Each set of data will have, in addition to its priority, a certain time by which it needs to be received by the remote unit. The processor 31 monitors this time and determines regularly whether or not the data will be transmitted by that due time in accordance with its position within the pointer queue store (step 42). As the due time approaches for any particular set of data, the microprocessor 31 will increase the priority of that data to ensure that the due time is met (step 43) and correspondingly adjust the content of the pointer queue store 35.

At regular intervals, the microprocessor 31 will also build up a data packet for transmission in the store 36 (step 44). Each data packet will include a header portion 38 which includes data defining the identity or identities of remote units which are to receive the data packet, by including their identities as stored in their stores 20, or defining particular services to which the subsequent data in the packet relates. In a data storage section 39, the microprocessor 31 transfers data from the data store 32 in a sequence corresponding to the sequence of addresses in the pointer queue store 35 and hence in priority order. In this example, the data at addresses 1 and 3 has been stored at locations 39A and 39B. However, in this case, the remaining space in the packet is too small (step 45) to accommodate the data at address 4 which would normally occur next. In order to optimise the use of the packet, the microprocessor 31 has therefore transferred (step 46) data at address 2 into location 39C. Once the packet has been made up, the data in the packet is transferred via the interface 37 to the combining unit 6 for transmission (step 47).

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We Claim:-

1. A method of transmitting data relating to a number of different categories, from a central location to at least one remote receiver, the method comprising allocating a priority to the data to be transmitted in accordance with its category, the priorities defining a relationship between the different categories of the data; transmitting the data in a manner determined by the allocated priorities; monitoring the data to be transmitted to determine whether the data will be transmitted in a satisfactory manner; and, if necessary, changing the priority of any data which has not yet been transmitted so that it will be transmitted satisfactorily.
2. A method according to claim 1, wherein said data is transmitted in an order determined in accordance with the priorities allocated.
3. A method according to claim 1, further comprising, prior to transmission, compressing said data in a category if a certain priority has been allocated.
4. A method according to claim 1, wherein said monitoring step comprises determining whether said data will be transmitted within a predetermined time period.
5. A method according to claim 1, wherein said data is transmitted in packets, each packet containing data of different categories, the method further comprising monitoring a packet to be sent and if space remains in such a packet, the space being insufficient to accommodate data allocated a relatively high priority, incorporating lower priority data into the space prior to transmission.
6. A method according to claim 1, wherein at least some of said categories are chosen from background game playing data, real time game playing data, receiver maintenance information, and receiver enablement/disablement instructions.
7. A method according to claim 1, wherein said data is transmitted in conjunction with a TV broadcast signal.

8. A method of providing services in conjunction with a TV broadcast system, the method comprising transmitting data relating to a number of different categories of service in conjunction with a TV broadcast signal to a number of remote receivers using a method which comprises allocating a priority to the data to be transmitted in accordance with its category, the priorities defining a relationship between the different categories of the data; transmitting the data in a manner determined by the allocated priorities; monitoring the data to be transmitted to determine whether the data will be transmitted in a satisfactory manner; and, if necessary, changing the priority of any data which has not yet been transmitted so that it will be transmitted satisfactorily.
9. A method according to claim 8, wherein at least one of said service categories is an interactive service.
10. Apparatus for transmitting data relating to a number of different categories, from a central location to at least one remote receiver, the apparatus comprising a processing system for allocating a priority to the data to be transmitted in accordance with its category, the priorities defining a relationship between the different categories of the data; and means for transmitting the data in a manner determined by the allocated priorities, the processing system being adapted to monitor the data to be transmitted and to determine whether the data will be transmitted in a satisfactory manner, and if necessary, to change the priority of any data which has not been transmitted so that it will be transmitted satisfactorily.
11. Apparatus according to claim 10, the apparatus further comprising means for combining the data with a broadcast TV signal for transmission to at least one remote receiver.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A method of transmitting data relating to a number of different categories, from a central location (A) to at least one remote receiver (C). The method comprises allocating a priority to the data to be transmitted in accordance with its category, the priorities defining a relationship between the different categories of the data; transmitting the data in a manner determined by the allocated priorities; monitoring the data to be transmitted to determine whether the data will be transmitted in a satisfactory manner; and, if necessary, changing the priority of any data which has not yet been transmitted so that it will be transmitted satisfactorily.

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"SECRET"

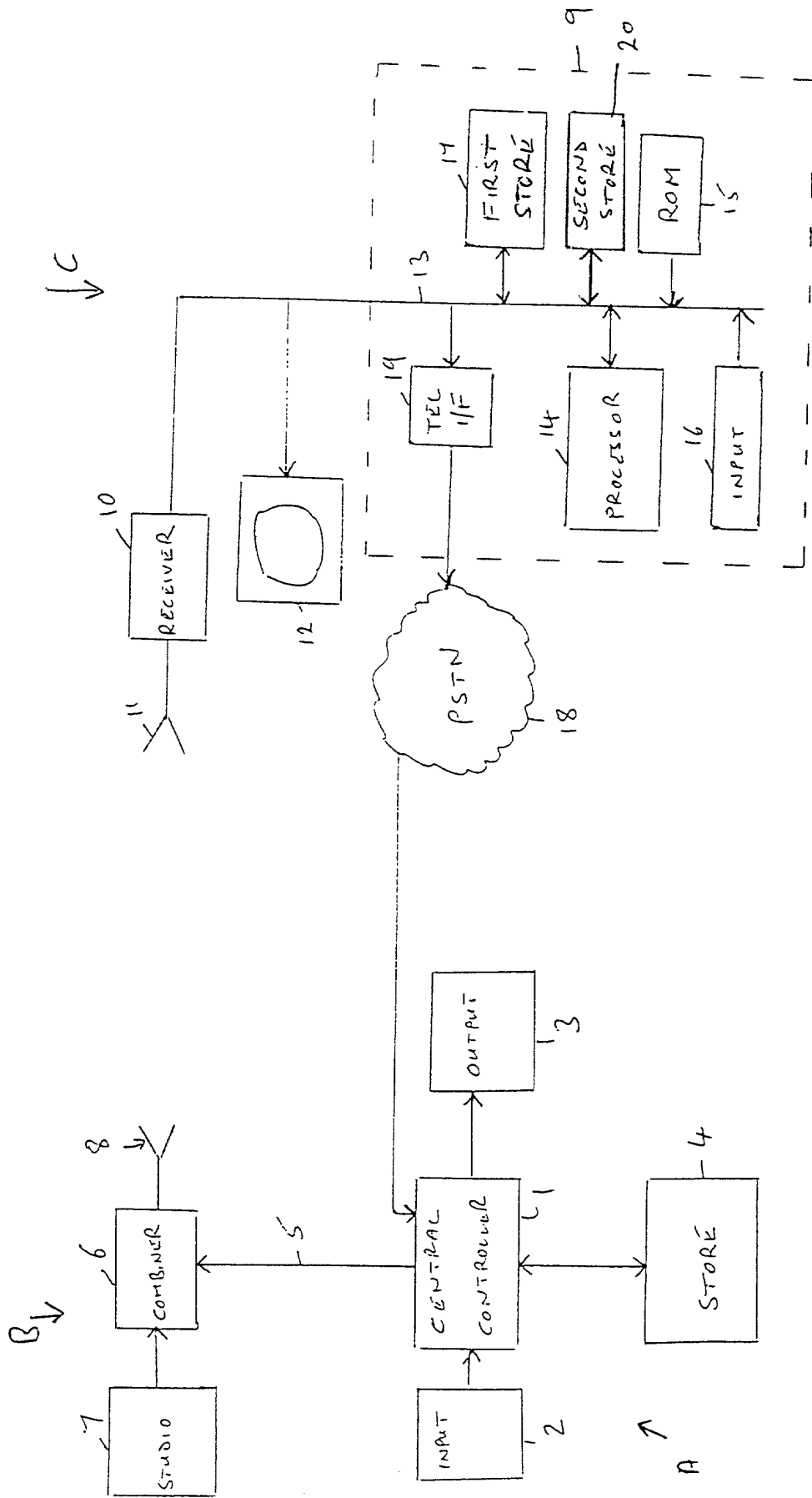


FIG. 1

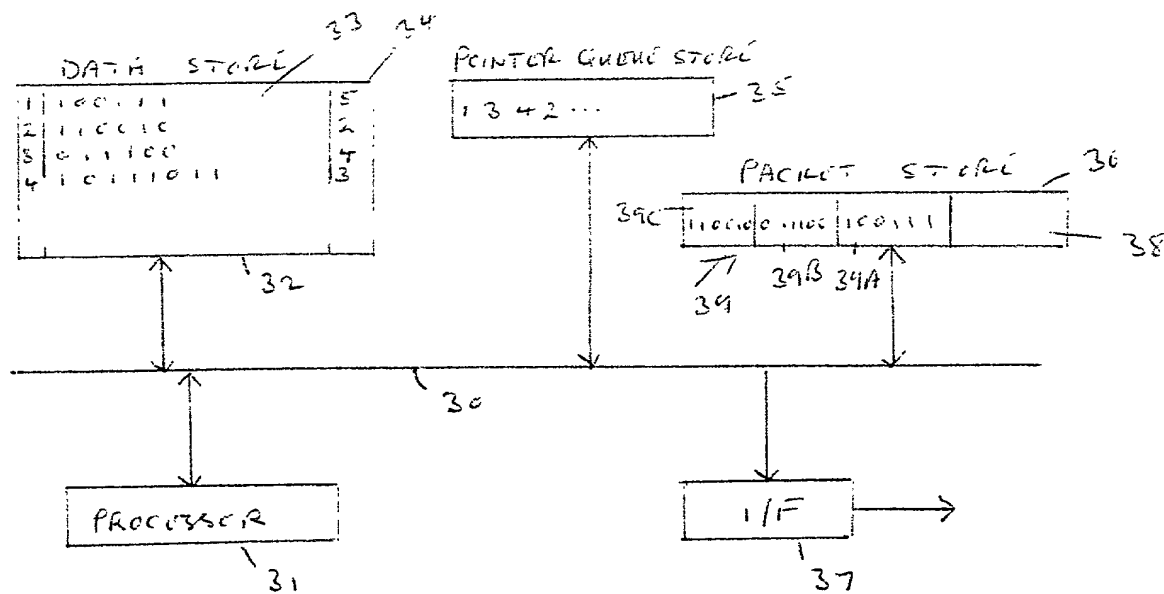
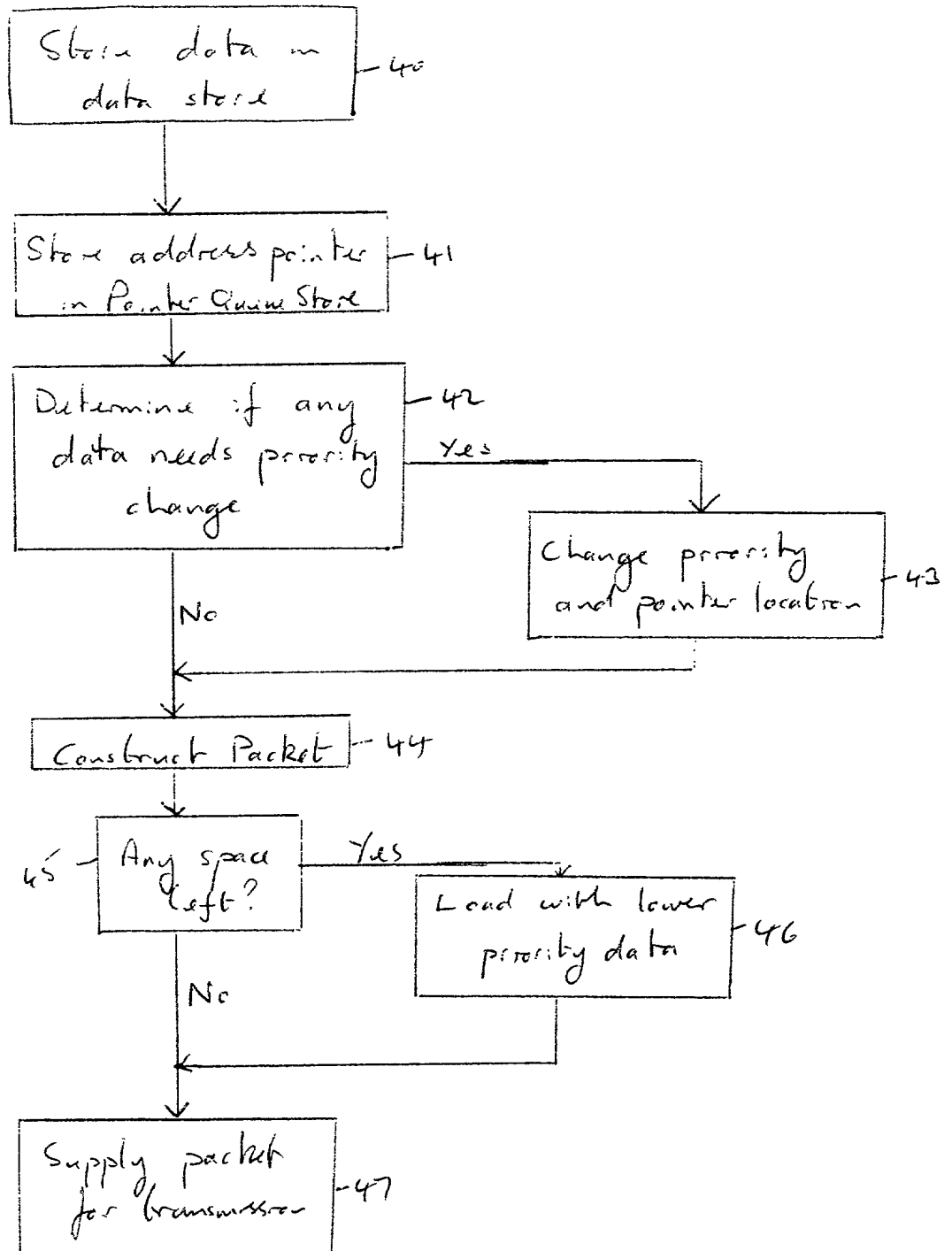
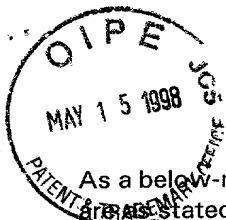


FIG 2

FIG 3





USA

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on an invention entitled
METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR TRANSMITTING DATA

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked: ☒

was filed on March 13, 1998 as United States Application Number ~~on PCT International~~
~~Application Number~~ 09/039,202 and was amended on (if any)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56. I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for a patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Not Claimed

Appln. No. 9705719.4 Country GB Date Filed 20 MAR 97 ☐

Appln. No. Country Date Filed ☐

The undersigned hereby authorises the U.S. attorney or agent named herein to accept and follow instructions from Gill Jennings & Every, London, England as to any action to be taken in the Patent and Trademark Office regarding this application without direct communication between the U.S. attorney or agent and the undersigned. In the event of a change in the persons from whom instructions may be taken, the U.S. attorney or agent named herein will be so notified by the undersigned.

I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardise the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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